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European Technical Approval ETA-04/0027

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

Handelsbezeichnung

Trade name

Zulassungsinhaber

Holder of approval

Zulassungsgegenstand und Verwendungszweck

Generic type and use of construction product

Geltungsdauer: vom *Validity:* from

bis

to

Herstellwerk

Manufacturing plant

Injektionssystem Hilti HIT-RE 500

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500

Hilti Aktiengesellschaft **Business Unit Anchors**

9494 Schaan

FÜRSTENTUM LIECHTENSTEIN

Verbunddübel in den Größen Ø 8 mm bis Ø 32 mm zur

Verankerung im ungerissenen Beton

Bonded anchor in the sizes of \emptyset 8 mm to \emptyset 32 mm for use in non-cracked concrete

20 May 2009

28 May 2014

Hilti Werke

Diese Zulassung umfasst

This Approval contains

30 Seiten einschließlich 21 Anhänge 30 pages including 21 annexes

Diese Zulassung ersetzt This Approval replaces

ETA-04/0027 mit Geltungsdauer vom 03.11.2008 bis 28.05.2009 ETA-04/0027 with validity from 03.11.2008 to 28.05.2009



I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
 - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products¹, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC² and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council³;
 - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998⁴, as amended by law of 31 October 2006⁵;
 - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC⁶;
 - Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete Part 5: Bonded anchors", ETAG 001-05.
- Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

¹ Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12

² Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1

Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25

⁴ Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812

⁵ Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2006, p. 2407, 2416

⁶ Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34

II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

1 Definition of the construction product and intended use

1.1 Definition of the product

The Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500 for non-cracked concrete is a bonded anchor consisting of a foil pack with injection mortar Hilti HIT-RE 500 and a steel element.

The steel elements are made of zinc coated steel (HIT-V, HAS-(E), and HIS-N), rebar, stainless steel (HIT-V-R, HAS-(E)R, HIS-RN and HZA-R) or high corrosion resistant steel (threaded rods HIT-V-HCR, HAS-(E)HCR and HZA-HCR).

The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration of the product and intended use is given in Annex 1 and 2.

1.2 Intended use

The anchor is intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 of Council Directive 89/106 EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause risk to human life and/or lead to considerable economic consequences. Safety in case of fire (Essential Requirement 2) is not covered in this European technical approval. The anchor is to be used only for anchorages subject to static or quasi-static loading in reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength classes C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at most according to EN 206:2000-12.

The anchor may be used in non-cracked concrete. The anchor may be installed in dry or wet concrete or in flooded holes excepting sea water.

The anchor may be used in the following temperature ranges:

Temperature range I: -40 °C to +40 °C (max long term temperature +24 °C and

max short term temperature +40 °C)

Temperature range II: -40 °C to +58 °C (max long term temperature +35 °C and

max short term temperature +58 °C)

Temperature range III: -40 °C to +70 °C (max long term temperature +43 °C and

max short term temperature +70 °C)

Elements made of zinc coated steel (threaded rods HIT-V and HAS-(E) and internal sleeve HIS-N:

The element made of electroplated or hot-dipped galvanised steel may only be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions.

<u>Elements made of stainless steel (threaded rods HIT-V-R and HAS-(E)R, internal sleeve</u> HIS-RN and Hilti Tension anchor HZA-R):

The element made of stainless steel 1.4401, 1.4404, 1.4439, 1.4571, 1.4578 or 1.4362 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure to permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

<u>Elements made of high corrosion resistant steel (threaded rods HIT-V-HCR, threaded rods HAS-(E)HCR and Hilti Tension anchor HZA-HCR):</u>

The element made of high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529 or 1.4565 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, in permanently damp internal conditions or in other particular aggressive conditions. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Elements made of reinforcing bars:

Post-installed reinforcing bars acc. to Annex 5 may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029⁷ only. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the rebars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Post-installed rebar connections in reinforced concrete structures designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004 (Eurocode 2) are not covered by this European technical approval.

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

2.1 Characteristics of the product

The anchor corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in Annexes 3 to 7. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor not indicated in Annexes 3 to 7 shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation⁸ of this European technical approval.

The characteristic values for the design of anchorages are given in Annexes 12 to 21.

The two components of the injection mortar are delivered in unmixed condition in foil packs of sizes 330 ml, 500 ml or 1400 ml according to Annex 1. Each foil pack is marked with the identifying mark "HILTI HIT-RE 500", with the production date, the production time and expiration date.

Each threaded rod HIT-V made of zinc coated steel is marked with the marking of steel grade, size and length in accordance with Annex 3. Each threaded rod made of stainless steel is marked with the additional letter "R". Each threaded rod made of high corrosion resistant steel is marked with the additional letter "HCR".

Each threaded rod HAS-(E) is marked with the identifying mark - "H" and the embossing accordance with Annex 3. Each threaded rod made of zinc coated steel is marked with the additional embossing "1". Each threaded rod made of stainless steel is marked with the additional embossing "=". Each threaded rod made of high corrosion resistant steel is marked with the additional embossing "CR".

Each internal sleeve made of zinc coated steel is marked with "HIS-N" according to Annex 4. Each internal sleeve made of stainless steel is marked with "HIS-RN" according to Annex 4.

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The Technoial Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors" is published in English on EOTA website www.eota.eu.

The technical documentation of this European technical approval is deposited at the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.

Each Hilti Tension anchor HZA made of stainless steel is marked with the additional letter "R", the size and the thickness of fixture according to Annex 5. Each Hilti Tension anchor HZA made of high corrosion resistant steel is marked with the additional letter "HCR", the size and the thickness of fixture according to Annex 6.

Elements made of reinforcing bar shall comply with the specifications given in Annex 5.

The marking of embedment depth for the steel element threaded rod HIT-V and reinforcing bar may be done on jobsite.

2.2 Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the "Guideline for European technical approval of Metal Anchors for Use in Concrete", Part 1 "Anchors in general" and Part 5 "Bonded anchors", on the basis of Option 7.

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 96/582/EG of the European Commission⁹ system 2(i) (referred to as System 1) of the attestation of conformity applies.

This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
 - (1) factory production control;
 - further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed test plan;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
 - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
 - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
 - (5) continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

3.2 Responsibilities

3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial/raw/constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

⁹ Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan of November 2007 which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.¹⁰

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2 For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies

The approved body shall perform the

- initial type-testing of the product,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control,

in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan.

The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of the anchor. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the producer (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- the number of the guideline for European technical approval,
- use category (ETAG 001-1, Option 7),
- size.

The control plan is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.

4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

4.2 Installation

4.2.1 Design of anchorages

The fitness of the anchor for the intended use is given under the following conditions:

The anchorages are designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors" under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 only. The basic assumptions for the design according to anchor theory shall be observed. This includes the consideration of tension and shear loads and the corresponding failure modes as well as the assumption that the base material (concrete structural element) remains essentially in the serviceability limit state (either non-cracked or cracked) when the connection is loaded to failure. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the rebars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004 (e.g. connection of a wall loaded with tension forces in one layer of the reinforcement with the foundation) are not covered by this European technical approval.

For the internal sleeve only fastening screws or threaded rods made of galvanised steel with the minimum strength class 8.8 EN ISO 898-1 shall be used. The minimum and maximum thread engagement length $h_{\rm s}$ of the fastening screw or the threaded rod for installation of the fixture shall be met the requirements according to Annex 4, Table 2. The length of the fastening screw or the threaded rod shall be determined depending on thickness of fixture, admissible tolerances, available thread length and minimum and maximum thread engagement length $h_{\rm s}$.

Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored.

The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports, etc.).

Z18817.09

The Technical Report TR 029 "Design of Bonded Anchors" is published in English on EOTA website www.eota.eu.

4.2.2 Installation of anchors

The fitness for use of the anchor can only be assumed if the anchor is installed as follows:

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site,
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval,
- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components of an anchor,
- commercial standard threaded rods, washers and hexagon nuts may also be used if the following requirements are fulfilled:
 - material, dimensions and mechanical properties of the metal parts according to the specifications given in Annex 7, Table 5,
 - confirmation of material and mechanical properties of the metal parts by inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204:2004, the documents should be stored,
 - marking of the threaded rod with the envisage embedment depth. This may be done by the manufacturer of the rod or the person on jobsite.
- checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the strength class of the concrete in which the anchor is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower than that of the concrete to which the characteristic loads apply,
- check of concrete being well compacted, e.g. without significant voids,
- marking and keeping the effective anchorage depth,
- edge distance and spacing not less than the specified values without minus tolerances,
- positioning of the drill holes without damaging the reinforcement,
- drilling by hammer-drilling,
- in case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar,
- the anchor may be installed in flooded holes excepting sea water.
- cleaning the drill hole in accordance with Annexes 8 to 11,
- for overhead installation piston plugs shall be used, embedded metal parts shall be fixed during the curing time, e.g. with wedges,
- for injection of the mortar in bore holes ≥ 250 mm piston plugs shall be used,
- the anchor component installation temperature shall be at least +5 °C; during curing of the chemical mortar the temperature of the concrete must not fall below +5 °C; observing the curing time according to Annex 11, Table 8 until the anchor may be loaded,
- fastening screws or threaded rods (including nut and washer) for the internal sleeves HIS-(R)N must be made of appropriate steel grade and property class,
- installation torque moments are not required for functioning of the anchor. However, the torque moments given in Annexes 3, 4 and 6 must not be exceeded.

5 Recommendations concerning packaging, transport and storage

5.1 Responsibility of the manufacturer

It is in the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1 and 2 including Annexes referred to and 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval. In addition all installation data shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).

The minimum data required are:

- drill bit diameter,
- hole depth,
- diameter of steel element,
- minimum effective anchorage depth,
- information on the installation procedure, including cleaning of the hole with the cleaning equipments, preferably by means of an illustration,
- anchor component installation temperature,
- ambient temperature of the concrete during installation of the anchor,
- admissible processing time (open time) of the mortar,
- curing time until the anchor may be loaded as a function of the ambient temperature in the concrete during installation,
- maximum torque moment,
- identification of the manufacturing batch,

All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.

5.2 Packaging, transport and storage

The foil packs shall be protected against sun radiation and shall be stored according to the manufacturer's installation instructions in dry condition at temperatures of at least +5 °C to not more than +25 °C.

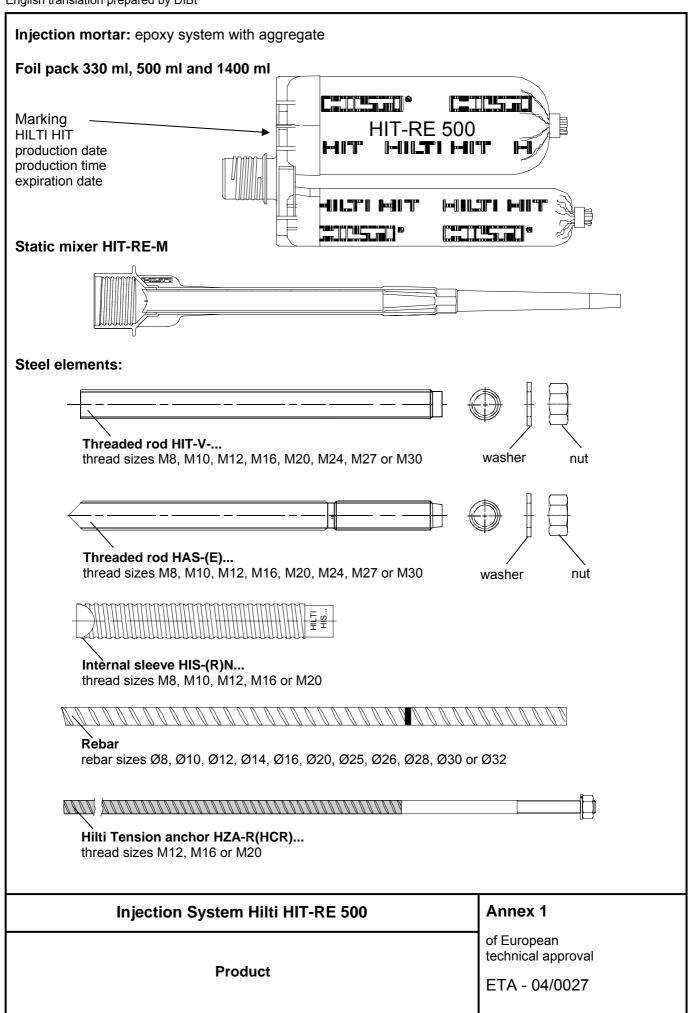
Foil packs with expired shelf life must no longer be used.

The anchor shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit. Foil packs may be packed separately from metal parts.

In Vertretung
Dipl.-Ing. Seyfert
Vice-President of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik
Berlin, 20 May 2009

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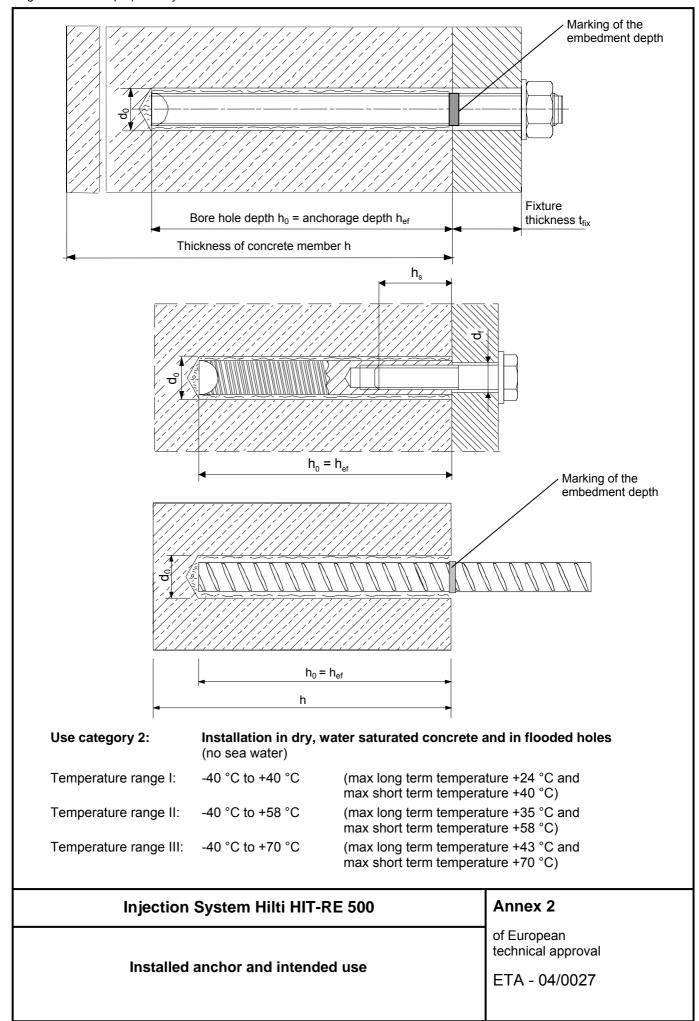
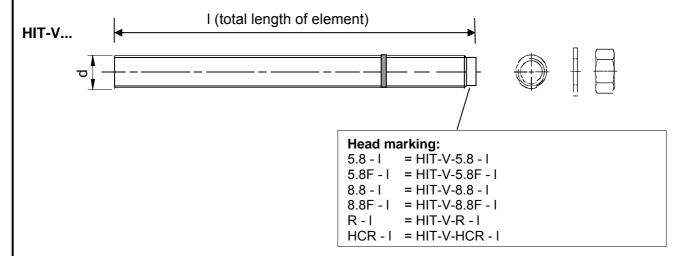
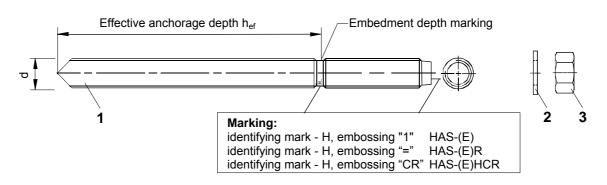


Table 1: Installation	n parameters of	anchor rod HIT-V	and HAS-(E)
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HIT-RE 500 with HIT-V and HAS-(E)			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Diameter of element	d	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
Range of anchorage h _{ef} and drill hole depth h ₀	min	[mm]	40	40	48	64	80	96	108	120
HIT-V	max	[mm]	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Effective anchorage depth HAS-(E)	h _{ef}	[mm]	80	90	110	125	170	210	240	270
Nominal diameter of drill bit	d_0	[mm]	10	12	14	18	24	28	30	35
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d _f	[mm]	9	12	14	18	22	26	30	33
Maximum torque moment	T_{max}	[Nm]	10	20	40	80	150	200	270	300
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h _{min}	[mm]	h _{ef} + 30 mm ≥ 100 mm			h _{ef} + 2 d _o				
Minimum spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150



HAS-(E)...

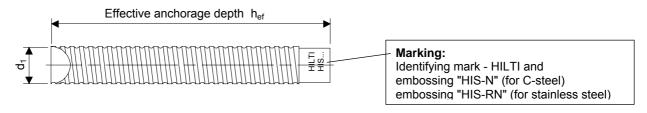


Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500	Annex 3
Installation parameter Threaded rod HAS-(E) and HIT-V	of European technical approval ETA - 04/0027

Table 2: Installation parameters of internal sleeve HIS-(R)N

HIT-RE 500 with HIS-(R)N			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20
Diameter of element	d ₁	[mm]	12,5	16,5	20,5	25,4	27,6
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	90	110	125	170	205
Nominal diameter of drill bit	d ₀	[mm]	14	18	22	28	32
Depth of drilled hole	h ₀	[mm]	90	110	125	170	205
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d _f	[mm]	9	12	14	18	22
Maximum torque moment	T_{max}	[Nm]	10	20	40	80	150
Thread engagement length min-max	h _s	[mm]	8-20	10-25	12-30	16-40	20-50
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h _{min}	[mm]	120	150	170	230	270
Minimum spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	40	45	55	65	90
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	40	45	55	65	90

HIS-(R)N



Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500	Annex 4
Installation parameter Internal sleeve HIS-(R)N	of European technical approval ETA - 04/0027

Table 3: Installation parameters of anchor element rebar

HIT-RE 500 with rebar			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Diameter of element	d	[mm]	8	10	12	14	16	20	25	26	28	30	32
Range of anchorage (h _{ef})	min	[mm]	60	60	70	75	80	90	100	104	112	120	128
and drill hole depth (h ₀)	max	[mm]	160	200	240	280	320	400	500	520	560	600	640
Nominal diameter of drill bit	d_0	[mm]	12 / 10 ¹⁾	14 / 12 ¹⁾	14 ¹⁾ 16 ¹⁾	18	20	25	32	32	35	37	40
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h _{min}	[mm]	h _{ef} + 30 mm ≥ 100 mm			h _{ef} + 2d _o							
Minimum spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	130	140	150	160
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	130	140	150	160

each of the two given values can be used





Refer to EN1992-1-1 Annex C Table C.1 and C.2N Properties of reinforcement:

Product form		Bars and de-coiled rods		
Class		В	С	
Characteristic yield strength fyk or fo	_{0,2k} (MPa)	400	to 600	
Minimum value of $k = (f_t/f_y)_k$		≥ 1,08	≥ 1,15 < 1,35	
Characteristic strain at maximum fo	rce, ε _{uk} (%)	≥ 5,0	≥ 7,5	
Bendability		Bend / Rebend test		
Maximum deviation from nominal mass (individual bar) (%)	Nominal bar size (mm) ≤ 8 > 8		6,0 4,5	
Bond: Minimum relative rib area, f _{R,min} (determination according to EN 15630)	Nominal bar size (mm) 8 to 12 > 12	- ,	040 056	

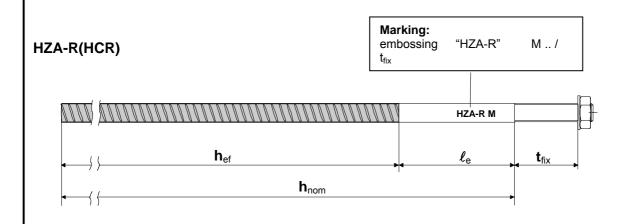
Height of the rebar rib h_{rib}:

The height of the rebar rib h_{rib} shall fulfil the following requirement: $0.05 * d \le h_{rib} \le 0.07 * d$ with: d = nominal diameter of the rebar element

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500	Annex 5
Installation parameter	of European technical approval
rebar	ETA - 04/0027
	2177 04/0027

Table 4: Installation parameters of Hilti tension anchor HZA-R(HCR)

HIT-RE 500 with HZA-R(HCR	()		M12	M16	M20		
Diameter of element	d	[mm]	12	16	20		
Range of embedment (h _{nom})	min	[mm]	160	180	190		
and drill hole depth (h ₀)	max	[mm]	240	320	400		
Bond length	h _{ef}	[mm]		h _{nom} -100 mm			
Length of smooth shaft	ℓ_{e}	[mm]	100				
Nominal diameter of drill bit	d ₀	[mm]	16	20	25		
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d _f	[mm]	14	18	22		
Max. torque moment	T_{max}	[Nm]	40	80	150		
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h _{min}	[mm]	h _{ef} + 2 d _o				
Minimum spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	60	80	100		
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	60	80	100		



Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500	Annex 6
Installation parameter	of European technical approval
Installation parameter HZA-R(HCR)	ETA - 04/0027

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Table 5: Materials	
Designation	Material
Metal parts made of rebar	
Rebar	see Annex 5
Metal parts made of zinc coa	
threaded rod HIT-V-5.8(F)	strength class 5.8 EN ISO 898-1, A5 > 8 % Ductile steel galvanized ≥ 5 µm EN ISO 4042
HAS-(E) M8 to M24 threaded rod	(F) hot dipped galvanized ≥ 45 μm EN ISO 10684 strength class 8.8 EN ISO 898-1, A5 > 8 % Ductile
HIT-V-8.8(F) HAS-(E) M27 and M30	steel galvanized ≥ 5 μm EN ISO 4042 (F) hot dipped galvanized ≥ 45 μm EN ISO 10684
washer ISO 7089	steel galvanized EN ISO 4042; hot dipped galvanized EN ISO 10684
nut EN ISO 4032	strength class 8 ISO 898-2 steel galvanized \geq 5 μ m EN ISO 4042 hot dipped galvanized \geq 45 μ m EN ISO 10684
internally threaded sleeves ¹⁾ HIS-N	carbon steel 1.0718, EN 10277-3 steel galvanized \geq 5 μ m EN ISO 4042
Metal parts made of stainles	
threaded rod HIT-V-R HAS-(E)R	for ≤ M24: strength class 70 EN ISO 3506-1; A5 > 8 % Ductile for > M24: strength class 50 EN ISO 3506-1; A5 > 8 % Ductile stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088
washer ISO 7089	stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088
nut EN ISO 4032	strength class 70 EN ISO 3506-2 stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088
internally threaded sleeves ²⁾ HIS-RN	stainless steel 1.4401 and 1.4571 EN 10088
Hilti tension anchor HZA-R	Round steel smooth with thread: stainless steel 1.4404 and 1.4571 EN 10088 rebar acc. DIN 488-1:1984 and DIN 488-2:1986
washer ISO 7089	stainless steel 1.4404 and 1.4571 EN 10088
nut EN ISO 4032	strength class 80 EN ISO 3506-2 stainless steel 1.4404 and 1.4571 EN 10088
Metal parts made of high cor	
threaded rod HIT-V-HCR HAS-(E)HCR	for ≤ M20: R_m = 800 N/mm²; $R_{p0,2}$ = 640 N/mm², A5 > 8 % Ductile for > M20: R_m = 700 N/mm²; $R_{p0,2}$ = 400 N/mm², A5 > 8 % Ductile high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529, 1.4565 EN 10088
washer ISO 7089	high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529, 1.4565 EN 10088
nut EN ISO 4032	strength class 70 EN ISO 3506-2 high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529, 1.4565 EN 10088
Hilti tension anchor HZA-HCR	Round steel smooth with thread: high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529 EN 10088 rebar acc. DIN 488-1:1984 and DIN 488-2:1986
washer ISO 7089	high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529 EN 10088
nut EN ISO 4032	strength class 80 EN ISO 3506-2 high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529 EN 10088

1) related fastening screw: strength class 8.8 EN ISO 898-1, A5 > 8 % Ductile

steel galvanized \geq 5 μ m EN ISO 4042

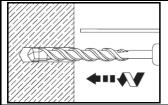
related fastening screw:

strength class 70 EN ISO 3506-1, A5 > 8 % Ductile stainless steel 1.4401; 1.4404; 1.4578; 1.4571; 1.4439; 1.4362 EN 10088

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500	Annex 7
	of European technical approval
Materials	ETA - 04/0027

Instruction for use

Bore hole drilling

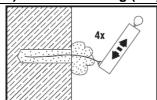


Drill Hole to the required embedment depth with a hammer drill set in rotationhammer mode using an appropriately sized carbide drill bit.

Bore hole cleaning

Just before setting an anchor, the bore hole must be free of dust and debris. For under water application see Table 6 and 7, Annex 11

a) Manual Cleaning (MC) for bore hole diameters $d_0 \le 20$ mm and limited bore hole depth h_0

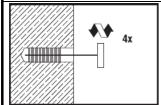


Blow 4 times from the back of the hole (if needed with nozzle extension) with the hand pump until return air stream is free of noticeable dust.

Valid for:

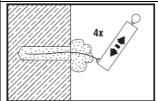
bore hole diameter $d_0 \le 20 \text{ mm}$ and

bore hole depth $h_0 \le 20$ d (element diameter) or $h_0 \le 250$ mm



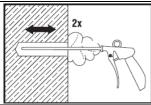
Brush 4 times with the specified brush size (brush $\emptyset \ge$ bore hole \emptyset , see Table 7) by inserting the steel brush Hilti HIT-RB to the back of the hole (if needed with extension) in a twisting motion and removing it.

The brush must produce natural resistance as it enters the bore hole -- if not the brush is too small and must be replaced with the proper brush diameter.

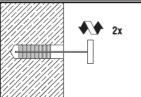


Blow again with hand pump 4 times until return air stream is free of noticeable dust.

b) Compressed air cleaning (CAC) for all bore hole diameters d_0 and all bore hole depth h_0

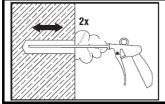


Blow 2 times from the back of the hole (if needed with nozzle extension) over the hole length with oil-free compressed air (min. 6 bar at 6 m³/h) until return air stream is free of noticeable dust.



Brush 2 times with the specified brush size (brush $\emptyset \ge$ bore hole \emptyset , see Table 7) by inserting the steel brush Hilti HIT-RB to the back of the hole (if needed with extension) in a twisting motion and removing it.

The brush must produce natural resistance as it enters the bore hole -- if not the brush is too small and must be replaced with the proper brush diameter.



Blow again with compressed air 2 times until return air stream is free of noticeable dust.

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500

Annex 8

of European technical approval

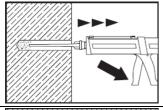
ETA - 04/0027

Installation instruction I

c) Cleaning for under water for all bore hole diameters do and all bore hole depth ho Flush 2 times the hole by inserting a water hose (water-line pressure) to the back of the hole until water runs clear. Brush 2 times with the specified brush size (brush $\emptyset \ge$ bore hole \emptyset , see Table 7) by inserting the steel brush Hilti HIT-RB to the back of the hole (if needed with extension) in a twisting motion and removing it. The brush must produce natural resistance as it enters the bore hole -- if not the brush is too small and must be replaced with the proper brush diameter. Flush again 2 times the hole by inserting a water hose (water-line pressure) to the back of the hole until water runs clear. Injection preparation Insert foil pack in foil pack holder. Never use damaged foil packs and/or damaged or unclean foil pack holders. Attach new mixer prior to dispensing a new foil pack (snug fit). Tightly attach Hilti HIT-RE-M mixer to foil pack manifold. Do not modify the mixer in any way. Make sure the mixing element is in the mixer. Use only the mixer supplied with the adhesive. Insert foil pack holder with foil pack into HIT-dispenser. Push release trigger, retract plunger and insert foil pack holder into the appropriate Hilti dispenser. Discard initial adhesive. The foil pack opens automatically as dispensing is initiated. Depending on the size of the foil pack an initial amount of adhesive has to be discarded. Discard quantities are 3 strokes for 330 ml foil pack, 4 strokes for 500 ml foil pack and for 1400 ml foil pack.

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500	Annex 9
Installation instruction II	of European technical approval ETA - 04/0027

Inject adhesive from the back of the borehole without forming air voids

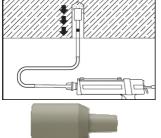


Inject the adhesive starting at the back of the hole, slowly withdrawing the mixer with each trigger pull.

Fill holes approximately 2/3 full, or as required to ensure that the annular gap between the anchor and the concrete is completely filled with adhesive along the embedment length.

After injection is completed, depressurize the dispenser by pressing the release trigger. This will prevent further adhesive discharge from the mixer.

Overhead installation and installation with embedment depth $h_{\text{ef}} > 250 \text{mm}$

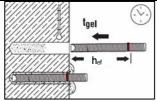


For overhead installation or under water application the injection is only possible with the aid of extensions and piston plugs. Assemble HIT-RE-M mixer, extension(s) and appropriately sized piston plug (see Table 7).

Insert piston plug to back of the hole and inject adhesive. During injection the piston plug will be naturally extruded out of the bore hole by the adhesive pressure

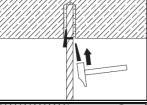
Under water application fill bore hole completely with mortar.

Setting the element

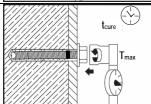


Before use, verify that the element is dry and free of oil and other contaminants.

Mark and set element to the required embedment depth till working time t_{gel} has elapsed. The working time t_{gel} is given in Table 8.



For overhead installation use piston plugs and fix embedded parts with e.g. wedges



Loading the anchor:

After required curing time t_{cure} (see table 8) the anchor can be loaded. The applied installation torque shall not exceed the values T_{max} given in Tables 1, 2 and 4.

Recommended air nozzle with an orifice opening of minimum 3.5 mm in diameter.



Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500

Annex 10

of European technical approval

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Installation instruction III

Table 6: Bore hole cleaning: cleaning sets - use categories

Bore hole diameter d ₀	use category 1 no water in bore hole	use category 2 under water application
10 mm to 20 mm	manual cleaning (MC) h _{ef} ≤ 20 d or 250 mm: 4× blow with hand pump 4× brush with steel brush (HIT-RB) 4× blow with hand pump	steel brush (HIT-RB) and piston plug (HIT-SZ) 2× flush with clear water
10 mm to 40 mm	compressed air cleaning (CAC): 2× blow with compressed air (≥ 6 bar) 2× brush with steel brush (HIT-RB) 2× blow with compressed air (≥ 6 bar)	2× bush with steel brush (HIT-RB) 2× flush with clear water use piston plug for mortar injection

Table 7: Bore hole diameter specific installation tools:

Reference elements rebar HIT-V HIS-N HZA-R(HCR) [mm] [mm] [mm] 8/10 10 / 12 25/26 _ --

Table 8: Working time t_{gel} and minimum curing time t_{cure}

Temperature in the anchorage base	working time t _{gel}	min. curing time t _{cure}
5 °C to 9 °C	120 min	72 h
10 °C to 14 °C	90 min	48 h
15 °C to 19 °C	30 min	24 h
20 °C to 29 °C	20 min	12 h
30 °C to 39 °C	12 min	8 h
40 °C	12 min	4 h

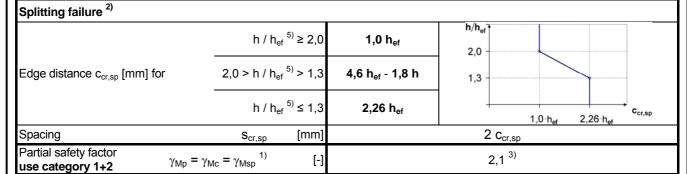
Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500	Annex 11
Bore hole cleaning	of European technical approval
Cleaning sets – use categories; brush diameter; curing time	ETA - 04/0027

HIT-RE 500 with HIT-V and HAS-(E	E)		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30	
Steel failure HIT-V											
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-5.8(F)	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	18	29	42	79	123	177	230	281	
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-8.8(F)	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	282	367	449	
Partial safety factor	1) γ _{Ms,N}	[-]	1,5								
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-R	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	230	281	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)	[-]	1,87						2,86		
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-HCR	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	247	321	393	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,N} 1)	[-]			1,5			2,1			
Steel failure HAS-(E)											
Characteristic resistance HAS-5.8	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	17	26	38	72	112	160	-	-	
Characteristic resistance HAS-8.8	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	-	-	-	-	-	-	347	422	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} 1)	[-]				1	,5				
Characteristic resistance HAS-R	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	23	37	53	101	157	224	217	263	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} 1)	[-]	1,87					•	2,86		
Characteristic resistance HAS-HCR	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	27	42	61	115	180	224	304	369	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} 1)	[-]		•	1,5	•			2,1		

Combined Pull-out and Concrete	cone fai	lure ²⁾									
Diameter of threaded rod	d	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30	
Characteristic bond resistance in non-cr	acked cor	ncrete C20/	25								
Temperature range I ⁴⁾ : 40°C/24°C	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	16	16	16	15	15	14	14	13	
Temperature range II ⁴⁾ : 58°C/35°C	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	13	13	13	12	12	11	11	11	
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ : 70°C/43°C	$ au_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	8	8	8	7,5	7	7	6,5	6,5	
		C30/37	1,04								
ncreasing factor for $\tau_{Rk,p}$ a non cracked concrete		C40/50				1,	07				
in non cracked concrete											

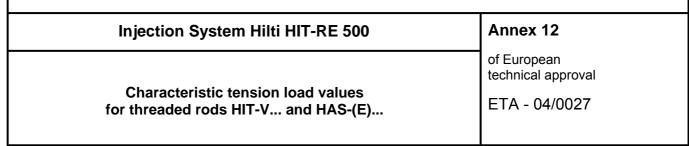
1,09

C50/60



In absence of national regulations

h = base material thickness; h_{ef} = anchorage depth



Calculation of concrete failure and splitting see chapter 4.2.1

The partial safety factor γ_2 = 1,4 is included explanation see chapter 1.2

Table 10: Displacements under tension load 1)

HIT-RE 500 with	HIT-V	and HAS-(E)	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Temperature range	e I ²⁾ : 40°C	/ 24°C								
Displacement	δ_{N0}	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$	0,02	0,02	0,03	0,04	0,05	0,06	0,06	0,07
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	$[mm/(N/mm^2)]$	0,04	0,05	0,06	0,08	0,11	0,13	0,15	0,17
Temperature range II ²⁾ : 58°C / 35°C										
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,03	0,04	0,05	0,07	0,09	0,11	0,13	0,14
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,07	0,09	0,10	0,14	0,18	0,22	0,25	0,28
Temperature range	e III ²⁾ : 70°(C / 43°C								
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,07	0,09	0,10	0,14	0,18	0,22	0,25	0,28
Displacement	δ_{N^∞}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,09	0,12	0,15	0,20	0,26	0,31	0,35	0,40

Calculation of displacement under service load: τ_{Sd} design value of bond stress Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$

Injection Syst	em Hilti F	HIT-RE 500
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Displacement for threaded rods HIT-V... and HAS-(E)...

Annex 13

of European technical approval

ETA - 04/0027

Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$ Explanation see chapter 1.2

HIT-RE 500 with HIT-V and HAS-(E	Ξ)		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M 24	M 27	M 30
Steel failure ³⁾ without lever arm										
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-5.8(F)	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88	115	140
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-8.8(F)	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-R	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	115	140
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-HCR	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	124	161	196
Characteristic resistance HAS-5.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	8,5	13	19	36	56	80	-	-
Characteristic resistance HAS-8.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	-	-	-	-	-	-	174	211
Characteristic resistance HAS-R	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	12	19	27	51	79	112	108	132
Characteristic resistance HAS-HCR	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	21	31	58	90	112	152	184
Steel failure with lever arm										
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-5.8(F)	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	19	37	66	167	325	561	832	1125
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-8.8(F)	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	898	1332	1799
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-R	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	26	52	92	233	454	786	832	1124
Characteristic resistance HIT-V-HCR	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	520	786	1165	1574
Characteristic resistance HAS-5.8	${\sf M}^0_{\sf Rk,s}$	[Nm]	16	33	56	147	284	486	-	-
Characteristic resistance HAS-8.8	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	-	-	-	-	-	-	1223	1637
Characteristic resistance HAS-R	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	23	45	79	205	398	680	764	1023
Characteristic resistance HAS-HCR	${\sf M}^0_{\sf Rk,s}$	[Nm]	26	52	90	234	455	680	1070	1433
Partial safety factor steel failure										
HIT-V / HAS grade 5.8 or 8.8	$\gamma_{Ms,V}$ 1)	[-]				1,	25			
HIT-V-R / HAS-R	γ _{Ms,V} 1)	[-]			1,	56			2,	38
HIT-V-HCR / HAS-HCR	γ _{Ms,V} 1)	[-]	1,25 1,75							
Concrete pryout failure										
Factor in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors	k	[-]				2,0 fc	or h _{ef} < 6 or h _{ef} ≥ 6			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} 1)	[-]				1 !	5 ²⁾			

Concrete edge failure

Partial safety factor

[-]

1,5 2)

Table 12: Displacement under shear load 1)

HIT-RE 500 with HIT-V and HAS-(E)	HIT-RE 500 with HIT-V and HAS-(E)			M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Displacement	δ_{V0}	[mm/kN]	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
Displacement	$\delta_{V^{\infty}}$	[mm/kN]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,05

Calculation of displacement under service load: V_{Sd} design value of shear load Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$ Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_{Sd}/1,4$

See chapter 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors

Annex 14 Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500 of European technical approval **Characteristic shear load values** and displacements for ETA - 04/0027 threaded rod HIT-V... and HAS-(E)...

In absence of national regulations

The partial safety factor γ_2 = 1,0 is included.

Acc. chapter 4.2.2 commercial standard rods that fulfill the ductility requirement A₅ > 8 % (see table 5) can be used only

HIT-RE 500 with rebar			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Steel failure rebar													
Characteristic tension resistance for rebar BSt 500 S acc. to DIN 488 1)	N _R	_{k,s} [kN]	28	43	62	85	111	173	270	-	339	•	442
Partial safety factor for rebar BSt 500 S acc. to DIN 488 ²⁾	γMs,t	N ³⁾ [-]						1,4					
Combined Pull-out and Concrete cor	ne failure	4)											
Diameter of rebar	meter of rebar d [mm]		8	10	12	14	16	20	25	26	28	30	32
Characteristic bond resistance in non-cr	acked co	ncrete C2	20/25										
Temperature range I ⁵⁾ : 40°C/24°C	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	15	15	15	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13
Temperature range II ⁵⁾ : 58°C/35°C	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	12	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	10	10	10
Temperature range III ⁵⁾ : 70°C/43°C	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	7	7	7	7	7	6,5	6,5	6,5	6	6	6
		C30/37	1,04										
Increasing factor for $\tau_{Rk,p}$ Ψ_c		C40/50	1,07										
		C50/60						1,09					
Splitting failure ⁴⁾													
	h / h	ef ⁶⁾ ≥ 2,0		1,0	h _{ef}			h _{ef}					
Edge distance c _{cr,sp} [mm] for 2	,0 > h / h	ef ⁶⁾ > 1,3		4,6 h _{ef}	– 1,8 l	h		,3 -					
	h / h	_{ef} ⁶⁾ ≤ 1,3		2,20	6 h _{ef}				1,0)·h _{ef}	2,26·h	C _{cr}	r,sp
Spacing	S _{cr,sp}	, [mm]						2 c _{cr,sp}					
Partial safety factor use category 1+2 $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{M}$	$_{\rm lc} = \gamma_{\rm Msp}^{3}$) [-]						2,1 7)					

The characteristic tension resistance N_{Rks} for rebars that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR029, Equation (5.1).

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500	Annex 15
Characteristic tension load values	of European technical approval
Characteristic tension load values for rebar	ETA - 04/0027

The partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms,N}$ for rebars that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR029, Equation (3.3a).

In absence of national regulations

Calculation of concrete failure and splitting see chapter 4.2.1

Explanation in section 1.2

⁶⁾ h = base material thickness; h_{ef} = anchorage depth

The partial safety factor γ_2 = 1,4 is included

Table 14: Disp	lacemen	ts under tensi	on lo	ad ¹⁾									
HIT-RE 500 with rebar				Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Non-cracked concrete temperature range I ²⁾ : 40°C / 24°C													
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,02	0,02	0,03	0,03	0,04	0,05	0,06	0,07	0,07	0,08	0,08
Displacement	δ_{N^∞}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,04	0,05	0,06	0,07	0,08	0,11	0,14	0,14	0,15	0,17	0,18
Non-cracked cond	crete tempe	erature range II ²⁾ :	58°C /	35°C									
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,03	0,04	0,05	0,06	0,07	0,09	0,12	0,12	0,13	0,14	0,15
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,07	0,09	0,10	0,12	0,14	0,18	0,23	0,24	0,26	0,28	0,30
Non-cracked cond	Non-cracked concrete temperature range III ²⁾ : 70°C / 43°C												
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,07	0,09	0,10	0,12	0,14	0,18	0,23	0,24	0,26	0,28	0,30
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0.09	0.12	0.15	0.17	0,20	0,26	0.33	0,34	0,37	0,40	0,43

Calculation of displacement under service load: τ_{Sd} design value of bond stress Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$ Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$ Explanation see chapter 1.2

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500	Annex 16
Displacements under tension load	of European technical approval
for rebar	ETA - 04/0027

HIT-RE 500 with rebar		Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Steel failure without lever arm												
Characteristic shear resistance for rebar BSt 500 S according DIN 488 3) V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	14	22	31	42	55	86	135	-	169	-	221
Steel failure with lever arm												
Characteristic bending resistance for rebar BSt 500 S according to DIN 488 4) M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	33	65	112	178	265	518	1012	-	1422	-	2123
Partial safety factor steel failure												
Partial safety factor rebar BSt 500 S acc. DIN 488 ⁵⁾	[-]	1,5										
Concrete pryout failure												
Factor in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded k anchors	[-]					2,0	(h _{ef} ≥	60 mm	1)			
Partial safety factor γ_{Mcp}^{-1}	[-]						1,5	2)				
Concrete edge failure												
See chapter 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors												
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$	[-]				•	•	1,5	2)		•	•	

¹⁾ In absence of national regulations

Table 16: Displacement under shear load 1)

HIT-RE 500 with rebar		Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø26	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32	
Displacement	δ_{V0}	[mm/kN]	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03	0,03	0,03
Displacement	$\delta_{V^{\infty}}$	[mm/kN]	0,09	0,08	0,07	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,04

Calculation of displacement under service load: V_{Sd} design value of shear load Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$ Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$

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Characteristic shear load values and displacements for rebar	ETA - 04/0027

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.

Characteristic shear resistance V_{Rk,s} for Rebar that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR029. Equation (5.5).

acc. Technical Report TR029, Equation (5.5).

The characteristic bending resistance M⁰_{Rk,s} for Rebar that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR029, Equation (5.6b).

Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms,V}$ for Rebar that do not fulfil the requirements acc. DIN 488 shall be calculated acc. Technical Report TR029, Equation (3.3b) or (3.3c).

HIT-RE 500 with HIS-(R)N			M 8	M 1	10	M 12	M 16	M 20	
Steel failure HIS-(R)N									
Characteristic resistance HIS-N with screw class 8.8	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	25	46	6	67	118	109	
Partial safety factor	1) γ _{Ms}	[-]	1,43		1,5	50	1,	,47	
Characteristic resistance HIS-RN N _{Rk,s} [kN]				41		59	110	166	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} 1)	[-]			1,8	37		2,4	
Combined Pull-out and Concrete cone failu	ıre ²⁾	•							
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	90	11	0	125	170	205	
Effective diameter of anchor	d ₁	[mm]	12,5	16,	5	20,5	25,4	27,6	
Characteristic bond resistance in non-cracked	concrete C20/25			ı			I.		
Temperature range I ⁴⁾ : 40°C/24°C	N _{Rk} ⁶⁾	[kN]	40	60)	95	170	200	
Temperature range II ⁴⁾ : 58°C/35°C	N _{Rk} ⁶⁾	[kN]	35	50)	75	140	170	
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ : 70°C/43°C	N _{Rk} ⁶⁾	[kN]	20	30)	40	75	95	
-	C	1,04							
ncreasing factor for N _{Rk,p}		40/50	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
n non cracked concrete Ψ_{c} _			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
	C	50/60	1,09						
Splitting failure ²⁾									
	h / h _{ef} ⁵	⁾ ≥ 2,0	1,0 h	ef	h/h _{ef} -				
Edge distance c _{cr,sp} [mm] for	2,0 > h / h _{ef} ⁵⁾) > 1,3	4,6 h _{ef} - 1	1,8 h	1,3 -				
	h / h _{ef} ⁵	⁾ ≤ 1,3	2,26 h	ef	-	1.0)·h _{ef} 2,26	c _o	
Spacing	S _{cr,sp}	[mm]				2 c _{cr,sp}	/ rief 2,20	o Hef	
	1)					2,1 ³⁾			
Partial safety factor use category 1 + 2 γ	$_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}$	[-]				2,1			

In absence of national regulations

Table 18: Displacement under tension load 1)

HIT-RE 500 with HIS-(F	R)N		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Temperature range I 2):	: 40°C / 24°C						
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(10kN)]	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,04	0,04
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/(10kN)]	0,18	0,15	0,14	0,10	0,09
Temperature range II 2)							
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(10kN)]	0,15	0,13	0,12	0,09	0,07
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(10kN)]	0,31	0,26	0,23	0,17	0,15
Temperature range III 2)	: 70°C / 43°C						
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(10kN)]	0,31	0,26	0,23	0,17	0,14
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/(10kN)]	0,43	0,36	0,33	0,24	0,20

Calculation of displacement under service load: N_{Sd} design value of tension load Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{N0} \cdot N_{Sd} / (10 \cdot 1,4)$

Injection System Hilti HIT-RE 500

Characteristic tancian load values

Characteristic tension load values and displacement for internal sleeve HIS-(R)N

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²⁾ Calculation of concrete failure and splitting see chapter 4.2.1
⁴⁾ Explanation see chapter 1.2

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included

h = base material thickness; h_{ef} = anchorage depth

For design according TR029, the characteristic bond resistance may be calculated from the characteristic tension load values for combined pull-out and concrete cone failure according: $\tau_{Rk} = N_{Rk} / (h_{ef} \cdot d_1 \cdot \pi)$

Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot N_{Sd}$ /(10 • 1,4) Explanation see chapter 1.2

Table 19: Design method A, Characteristic shear load values

HIT-RE 500 with HIS-(R)N			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M20
Steel failure without lever arm ³⁾							
Characteristic resistance HIS-N with screw class 8.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	23	39	59	55
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}$ 1)	[-]	1,	25		1,5	
Characteristic resistance HIS-RN with screw class 70	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	83
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} 1)	[-]	1,56				2,0
Steel failure with lever arm							
Characteristic resistance HIS-N with screw class 8.8	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} 1)	[-]			1,25		
Characteristic resistance HIS-RN with screw class 70	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	26	52	92	233	454
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms,V} 1)	[-]			1,56		
Concrete pryout failure							
Factor in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors	k	[-]			2,0		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} 1)	[-]	1,5 ²⁾				
Concrete edge failure							
Effective length of anchor in shear loading	h_{ef}		90	110	125	170	205
Effective diameter of anchor	d_1		12,5	16,5	20,5	25,4	27,6
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} 1)	[-]			1,5 ²⁾		

¹⁾ In absence of national regulations

Table 20: Displacement under shear load 1)

HIT-RE 500 with	HIS-N		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Displacement	δ_{V0}	[mm/kN]	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,04	0,04
Displacement	$\delta_{V^{\infty}}$	[mm/kN]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06

Calculation of displacement under service load: V_{Sd} design value of shear load: Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$ Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$

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Characteristic shear load values and displacements for internal sleeve HIS-(R)N

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The partial safety factor γ_2 = 1,0 is included.

Acc. chapter 4.2.2 commercial standard screw that fulfill the ductility requirement $A_5 > 8$ % (see table 5) can be used only

Table 21: Design method A, Characteristic tension load values

HIT-RE 500 with HZA-R(HCR)			M12	M16	M20			
Steel failure								
Characteristic resistance	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	62	111	173			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} 1)	[-]		1,4	•			
Pullout and concrete cone failure ²⁾								
Diameter of HZA-R(HCR)	d	[mm]	12	16	20			
Characteristic bond resistance in non-crac	ked concret	e C20/25						
Temperature range I ⁴⁾ : 40°C/24°C	$ au_{Rk}$	[N/mm²]	15	14	14			
Temperature range II ⁴⁾ : 58°C/35°C	$ au_{Rk}$	[N/mm²]	12	11	11			
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ : 70°C/43°C	$ au_{Rk}$	[N/mm²]	7	7	6,5			
		C30/37	1,04					
increasing factor for $\tau_{\text{Rk},p}$ in non cracked concrete		C40/50		1,07				
		C50/60		1,09				
Range of effective anchorage depth	min h _{ef}	[mm]	60	80	90			
for calculation of N^0_Rk,p acc. Eq. 5.2a								
(TR 029, 5.2.2.3 Combined pull -out and concrete cone failure)	max h _{ef}	[mm]	140	220	300			
Concrete cone failure ²⁾								
Range of effective anchorage depth	min h _{ef}	[mm]	160	180	190			
for calculation of $N_{Rk,c}^0$ acc. Eq. 5.3a $-$ (TR 029, 5.2.2.4 Concrete cone failure)	max h _{ef}	[mm]	240	320	400			
Splitting failure 2)								
		5)		h/h _{ef}				
	h/h	$n_{\rm ef}^{5)} \ge 2.0$	1,0 h _{ef}	2.0				
Edge distance c _{cr,sp} [mm] for	2,0 > h / h	n _{ef} ⁵⁾ > 1,3	4,6 h _{ef} - 1,8 h	1,3 -				
	h / h	n _{ef} ⁵⁾ ≤ 1,3	2,26 h _{ef}	-	1,0·h _{ef} 2,26·h _{ef}			
Spacing	$S_{cr,sp}$	[mm]		$2 c_{cr,sp}$				
Partial safety factor use category 1 + 2 $\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{M}$	$c = \gamma_{Men}^{1}$	[-]		2,1 ³⁾				

1) In absence of national regulations

Explanation see chapter 1.2

Characteristic tension load values for	of European technical approval
HZA-R(HCR)	ETA - 04/0027

Calculation of concrete failure and splitting see chapter 4.2.1

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included

h = base material thickness; hef = anchorage depth

Table 22: Displacements under tension load 1)

HIT-RE 500 with HZ	A-R(HCR)		M12	M16	M20		
Temperature range I	²⁾ : 40°C / 24°C						
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,03	0,04	0,05		
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,06	0,08	0,11		
Temperature range II ²⁾ : 58°C / 35°C							
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,05	0,07	0,09		
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,10	0,14	0,18		
Temperature range III ²⁾ : 70°C / 43°C							
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,10	0,14	0,18		
Displacement	$\delta_{N\!\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,15	0,20	0,26		

Calculation of displacement under service load: τ_{Sd} design value of bond stress Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$

Table 23: Design method A, Characteristic shear load values

HIT-RE 500 with HZA-R(HCR)			M12	M16	M20
Steel failure without lever arm					
Characteristic resistance	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	31	55	86
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} 1)	[-]		1,25	
Steel failure with lever arm					
Characteristic resistance	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]	97	235	457
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} 1)	[-]		1,25	
Concrete pryout failure					
Factor in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors	k	[-]	2,0		
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mcp} 1)	[-]	1,5 ²⁾		
Concrete edge failure					
See chapter 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report TR (029 for the	e desigr	n of bonded and	hors	
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} 1)	[-]		1,5 ²⁾	

¹⁾ In absence of national regulations

Table 24: Displacement under shear load 1)

HIT-RE 500 with HZA-R(HCR)			M12	M16	M20
Displacement	δ_{V0}	[mm/kN]	0,05	0,04	0,04
Displacement	$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,08	0,06	0,06

Calculation of displacement under service load: V_{Sd} design value of shear load Displacement under short term loading = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$ Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_{Sd} / 1,4$

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Characteristic shear load values and displacements for HZA-R (HCR)	of European technical approval ETA - 04/0027	

Displacement under long term loading = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$

²⁾ Explanation see chapter 1.2

The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.